Country Club Hills, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020



Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	11
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund Balances	
to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	14
Statements of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes In	
Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities -	
Agency Fund	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18
Oth on Supplementary Information	
Other Supplementary Information	
Combining Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and	
Changes In Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis - Budget And Actual - General	
Fund And Major Special Revenue Fund	48
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability	
and Related Ratios - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	50
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	52
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -	
Teachers' Retirement System	53
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Teachers' Retirement System	55
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -	
Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	56
. cat cat	

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table of Contents (Continued)

57
58
59
60
61
62
02
71
72
74
75
77
78
/8
79

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table of Contents (Continued)

Tort Immunity:	
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual	80
Capital Projects:	
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual	81
Fire Prevention and Safety:	
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual	82
Other Financial Information	
Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Extensions, and Collections	83
Schedule of Bonded Debt Maturities and Interest	84
Schedule of Per Capita Tuition Charge and Average Daily Attendance	85

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Country Club Hills School District 160 Country Club Hills, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Country Club Hills School District 160 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis as well as the other supplementary information and other financial information sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The management's discussion and analysis and other supplementary information sections are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as whole.

The other financial information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Comparative Information

The modified cash basis financial statements of Country Club Hills School District 160, as of June 30, 2019, were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 11, 2019, and expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Aurora, Illinois March 1, 2021

Wippei LLP

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The discussion and analysis of Country Club Hills School District 160's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall rev w of the District's financial activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

Financial Highlights

In total, net position increased by \$1.4 million.

- General revenues accounted for \$16.5 in revenue or 73% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees and grants accounted for \$6.2 or 27% of total revenues of \$22.7.
- The District had \$21.3 in expenses related to government activities. However, only \$6.2 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges and grants.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to basic financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activ ; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services (regular education, special education and other), supporting services, operation and maintenance of facilities and transportation services.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds (the District maintains no proprietary funds).

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a school district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Transportation Fund, Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, Tort Immunity Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Fire Prevention and Life Safety Fund.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its non-certified employees.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

District-wide Financial Analysis

The District's combined net position was higher on June 30, 2020, than it was the year before, increasing \$1.4 to \$6.2 primarily due to decreases in operating expenses.

Table 1 Condensed Statements of Net F (in millions of dollars)	osition			
		2020	2	019
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$	6.8	\$	5.5
Capital Assets		12.5		12.7
Total assets		19.3		18.2
Deferred outflows of resources	;			
Deferred charge on refunding		0.7		-
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities		0.7		0.6
Long-term debt outstanding		13.1		12.8
Total liabilities		13.8		13.4
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		3.7		5.5
Restricted		2.9		3.0
Unrestricted		(0.4)		(3.7)
Total net position	\$	6.2	\$	4.8

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

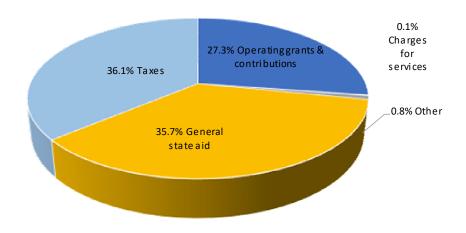
Expenses in the governmental activities of the District of \$40.1 exceeded revenues by \$0.5.

 		0.10
 2020	2	019
\$ -	\$	-
6.2		8.3
6.2		8.3
8.2		8.8
8.1		7.8
 0.2		0.3
22.7		25.2
 	•	
11.1		13.5
1.8		1.8
3.6		2.3
1.1		1.5
1.1		1.3
 2.6		2.7
21.3		23.1
1.4		2.1
4.8		2.7
\$ 6.2	\$	4.8
\$	6.2 6.2 8.2 8.1 0.2 22.7 11.1 1.8 3.6 1.1 1.1 2.6 21.3	\$ - \$ 6.2 8.2 8.1 0.2 22.7 11.1 1.8 3.6 1.1 1.1 2.6 21.3 1.4 4.8

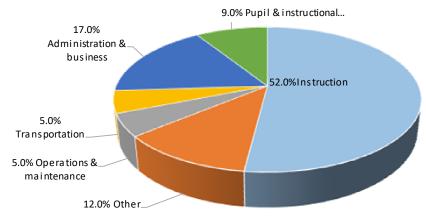
Property taxes accounted for the largest portion of the District's revenues, contributing 36%. The remainder of revenues came from state and federal grants and other sources. The total cost of all the District's programs was \$21.3, mainly related to instructing and caring for the students and student transportation at 65%.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

District-Wide Revenues by Source



District-Wide Expenses by Function



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's Governmental Funds balance increased from \$5.5 to \$6.8.

The General Fund increased \$1.4 from prior year primarily as a result of decreased expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund decreased \$0.2 from prior year resulting from debt refinancing activities.

The Transportation Fund increased \$0.6 from prior year primarily due to decreased expenditures.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues in the General Fund were \$1.9 higher than what had been budgeted for fiscal year 2020 as a result of increased state aid and local sources. Actual expenditures were \$1.1 higher than budgeted. This was due mostly to higher than expected costs for instruction and the state retirement contribution for the Teacher's Retirement System.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

By the end of 2020, the District had compiled a total investment of \$24.1 (\$12.5 net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets including buildings, land and equipment. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$0.7. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the basic financial statements.

Table 3 Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)				
		2020	2	2019
Land	\$	0.3	\$	0.3
Building, equipment & furniture		12.2		12.4
Total	\$	12.5	\$	12.7

Long-term debt

The District retired \$1.9 of its outstanding bonds in 2020. Capital leases and other were increased by \$0.1. Also, the District recognized Other Post Employment Liabilities of \$12.3. At the end of the fiscal 2020, the District's legal debt margin has been reached. More detailed information on long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of the basic financial statements.

Table 4 Outstanding Long-Term Debt (in millions of dollars)						
		2020	2	2019		
General obligation bonds	\$	12.8	\$	13.2		
Unamortized premium		0.8		0.2		
Capital leases and other		0.2		-		
Total	\$	13.8	\$	13.4		

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that will significantly affect financial operations in the future:

The District is currently in negotiations with achers and certified staff to establish a new collective bargaining agreement, which expired on June 30, 2016.

Beginning in March 2020, the United States economy began suffering adverse effect from the COVID 19 Virus Crisis. The future impact of the COVID Crisis on the District cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receiv . If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office:

Country Club Hills School District 160 4411 W. 185th Street Country Club Hills, IL 60478

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

June 30, 2020	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,830,213
Capital assets	
Land	314,243
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>12,173,539</u>
Total Assets	19,317,995
Deferred outflow of resources	
Deferred amount on refunding	<u>703,773</u>
Liabilities	
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	651,329
Due in more than one year	<u>13,121,281</u>
Total Liabilities	13,772,610
Net position	
Investment in capital assets	3,721,399
Restricted for	
Tort Immunity	108,136
Municipal Retirement	327,917
Debt service	256,479
Capital Projects	633,908
Transportation	1,590,374
Unrestricted	(389,055)
Total net position	\$ <u>6,249,158</u>

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis

				Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
					Operating	Total
			c	harges for	Grants and	Governmental
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		Expenses		Services	Contributions	Activities
Functions/Programs		-Apolisos				71001111100
Governmental activities						
Instructional services						
Regular programs	\$	4,916,115	\$	21,448	\$ 413,600	\$ (4,481,067)
Special programs	*	1,627,459	Ψ.	,	842,930	(784,529)
Other programs		1,904,763		-	-	(1,904,763)
State retirement contributions		2,621,152		-	2,621,152	-
Support services		,- , -			,- , -	
Pupils		968,908		_	_	(968,908)
Instructional staff		893,919		-	164,524	(729,395)
General administration		1,203,418		_	· -	(1,203,418)
School administration		985,587		-	-	(985,587)
Business		1,361,138		8,877	1,001,991	(350,270)
Operations and Maintenance		1,100,524		15,678	1,500	(1,083,346)
Transportation		1,134,565		-	964,959	(169,606)
Central		123,798		-	-	(123,798)
Other		2,197		-	-	(2,197)
Community service		(374)		-	-	374
Non-programmed charges		798,689		-	-	(798,689)
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	1,703,474			117,134	(1,586,340)
Total governmental activities	_	21,345,332		46,003	6,127,790	(15,171,539)
	_					
General revenues						
Property taxes levied for						
General purposes						5,065,558
Debt service						1,866,076
Transportation						707,015
Other						581,491
Personal property replacement taxes						72,081
State aid not restricted to specific purposes						8,143,930
Earnings on investments						135,744
Miscellaneous						83,690
Total general revenues						16,655,585
Change in net position						1,484,046
Net position - beginning						4,765,112
Net position - ending						\$ 6,249,158

Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ <u>3,913,399</u>	\$ <u>256,479</u>	\$ <u>1,590,374</u>	\$ <u>1,069,961</u>	\$ 6,830,213
Fund balances					
Restricted for					
Tort Immunity	-	-	-	108,136	108,136
Transportation	-	-	1,590,374	-	1,590,374
Retirement	-	-	-	327,917	327,917
Debt service	-	256,479	-	-	256,479
Capital Projects	-	-	-	633,908	633,908
Unassigned	3,913,399				3,913,399
Total fund balances	3,913,399	256,479	1,590,374	1,069,961	6,830,213
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>3,913,399</u>	\$ <u>256,479</u>	\$ <u>1,590,374</u>	\$ <u>1,069,961</u>	\$ 6,830,213

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position- Modified Cash Basis

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	6,830,213
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$24,054,948 and the accumulated depreciation is \$11,567,166.		12,487,782
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of		
Deferred amount on refunding Long term debt	703,773 (13,772,610)	(13,068,837)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	6,249,158

Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Received					
Property taxes	\$ 5,065,558	\$ 1,866,076	\$ 707,015	\$ 581,491	\$ 8,220,140
Other local sources	256,874	563	41,822	39,759	339,018
State resources	11,055,813	505	964,959	50,000	12,070,772
Federal resources	2,082,314	117,134	504,555	50,000	2,199,448
rederarresources	2,002,314				2,133,440
Total revenues	18,460,559	1,983,773	1,713,796	671,250	22,829,378
Expenditures Disbursed					
Current operating					
Instruction	10,562,861	-	-	152,925	10,715,786
Support Services	5,843,871	-	1,134,565	388,944	7,367,380
Community services	798,315	-	-	-	798,315
Debt service					
Principal	-	622,633	-	-	622,633
Interest and other	-	1,896,371	-	-	1,896,371
Capital outlay	8,143			579,776	587,919
Total expenditures disbursed	17,213,190	2,519,004	1,134,565	1,121,645	21,988,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
received over (under)	4 2 4 7 2 5 2	(505.004)	570.004	(450.005)	040.074
expenditures disbursed	1,247,369	(535,231)	579,231	(450,395)	840,974
Other financing sources (uses)	227 200	5 025 000			C 4 C 2 200
Issuance of bonds Premium on the issuance of	227,200	5,935,000	-	-	6,162,200
bonds	_	762,918	_	_	762,918
Payment to escrow agents	_	(6,427,005)	-	_	(6,427,005)
Transfers in	(38,828)		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources					
(uses)	188,372	309,741			498,113
Net change in fund balance	1,435,741	(225,490)	579,231	(450,395)	1,339,087
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,477,658	481,969	1,011,143	1,520,356	5,491,126
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,913,399	\$ 256,479	\$ 1,590,374	\$ 1,069,961	\$ 6,830,213

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures
Disbursed and Changes In Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 1,339,087

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay 537,301
Depreciation expense (709,759)

(172,458)

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:

The governmental funds record bond and loan proceeds as other financing sources, while repayment of bond and loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of bonds and loans and related items is as follows:

Issuance of bond proceeds	(5,935,000)
Issuance of loan proceeds	(227,200)
Payment to refunding escrow agent	6,427,005
Repayment of bond and loan principal	622,633
Deferred bond refunding amortization	(32,020)
Amortization of bond premium	224,917
Premium on the issuance of bonds	(762,918)

317,417

Change in net position of governmental activities

1,484,046

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund

Student Activity
\$ <u>42,341</u>
\$ <u>42,341</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Country Club Hills School District 160 (the "District") is governed by an elected Board of Education. The accounting policies of the District conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The District includes all funds of its governmental operations that are controlled by or dependent upon the District as determined on a basis of financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will, and fiscal dependency. The accompanying financial statements include only those funds of the District as there are no other organizations for which it has financial accountability.

Joint Venture – The District is also a member of the following organization:

Southwest Cook County Cooperative Association for Special Education (See Note 9)

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* are generally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities financial statements incorporate data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on governmental major funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- ➤ **General Fund** The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is comprised of four subfunds: the Educational Account, the Operations and Maintenance Account, and the Working Cash Account. These funds account for activities that are not specifically accounted for in another fund.
- ➤ **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund accounts of the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.
- ➤ **Transportation Fund** The Transportation Fund is used to account for ctivity relating to student transportation to and from the school.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

- > Special Revenue Fund This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District's nonmajor special revenue fund are the Tort Immunity Fund and the Municipal Retirement Fund.
- Capital Project Fund The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies used to acquire or construct capital assets.
- Fire Prevention and Safety Fund The Fire Prevention and Safety Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction and/or additions related to qualifying fire prevention and safety projects.

Fiduciary Fund Type

> Student Activity Agency Fund - this fund accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for the students and teachers. The fund is custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. The amounts due to the activity fund organizations are equal to the assets.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. In fund financial statements, any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out.

Notes to Financial Statements

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), and net financial position. All assets, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent or financial or nonfinancial), and deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period.

These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. Therefore, it does not have a measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include investments, interfund receivables and payables, capital assets and related depreciation, and short-term and long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions or events.

This modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, certain other economic assets and liabilities that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The Illinois statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. government, state of Illinois and municipal securities; certificates of deposit or time savings deposits insured by the FDIC; mortgage notes, bonds or debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administration; bonds and other obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association; and certain short-term obligations of U.S. corporations.

Cash and investments of the District are pooled into a common pooled account in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited into the pooled account has equity herein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end. An individual fund's equity in the pooled account is available upon demand and is considered to be a cash equivalent when preparing these financial statements. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on its respective balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments." In addition, non-pooled cash and investments are separately held and reflected in the respective funds as "cash" and "investments." Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years

Notes to Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred charge on refunding, is reported in the government-wide statement of net position – modified cash basis.

A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as gains (losses) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Gains (losses) on refundings are reported as deferred inflows (outflows) of resources. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are collected by the Cook County Collector/Treasurer, who remits to the District, its share of collections. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The adoption date for the 2019 tax levy was December 17, 2019. The first installment is an estimated bill, and is 55% of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment and equalization, and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill. The due date of the second installment varies and can occur between August and November.

Notes to Financial Statements

Property Taxes (Continued)

The following are the actual rates levied per \$100 of assessed valuation:

	Maximum	Actu	ıal
	2019 Levy	2019 Levy	2018 Levy
Educational	-	3.9056	3.6234
Special education	0.4000	0.1552	0.0826
Operations and maintenance	0.5500	0.5375	0.5218
Building bonds and interest	-	1.6682	1.6738
Transportation	-	0.6138	0.6522
I.M.R.F.	-	0.1220	0.1160
Social security	-	0.1410	0.1305
Working cash	0.0500	0.0489	0.0486
Tort immunity	-	0.2059	0.1812
Life safety	-	0.0724	0.0725
Leasing of educational facilities	0.1000	0.0724	0.0725
Total	1.1000	7.5429	7.1751

Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement tax revenues are first allocated to the extent required by Illinois law in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund with the balance allocated to funds at the discretion of the District.

Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), together "the Plans," and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The amounts disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 are not reported in the financial statements due to reporting on the basis of accounting described above.

Notes to Financial Statements

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form — prepaid items or inventories or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance: This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the District's Board – the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action that imposed the original commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but the amounts are neither restricted nor committed. The District Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned, and unassigned – in order as needed.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2: Cash and Investments

The District is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 30, Sections 235/2 and 235/6; and Chapter 105, Section 5/8-7. All deposits and investments of the District, except for imprest and activity accounts, are maintained in the external cash and investment pool managed by the Bremen Township School Treasurer's Office.

The Township School Treasurer's cash and investment pool is not a registered investment company, and is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, the underlying securities which make up the Township School Treasurer's portfolio are rated. Information regarding the credit ratings of the pooled investments of the Township School Treasurer is available in the Township School Treasurer's financial statements. The weighted average maturity of the Township School Treasurer's cash and investment portfolio as of June 30, 2020 was 0.54 years.

The District total cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

District's share of deposits and investments in the Township School		
Treasurer's cash and investments pool	\$	6,820,213
Petty cash and imprest account (maintained by the District)		10,000
Student activity accounts (maintained by the District)	_	42,341
Total	\$_	6,872,554

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to investment custodial credit risk by requiring all investments not secured by the federal government, to be secured by collateral in the event of default or failure of the financial institution holding the funds.

Fair Value Measurement

The investments of the District are held and invested by the Bremen Township Treasurer's Office (Treasurer). The underlying investments are valued at fair value or Net Asset Value (NAV) depending on the type of investment.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3: Capital Assets

Governmental activities capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Govermental Activities	Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/20
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ <u>314,243</u> \$	<u> </u>		\$ 314,24 <u>3</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	314,243			314,243
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	22,130,242 1,073,162	537,301 	- -	22,667,543 1,073,162
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,203,404	537,301		23,740,705
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	10,082,623 774,784	657,191 52,568	- -	10,739,814 <u>827,352</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	10,857,407	709,759		11,567,166
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	12,345,997	(172,458)		12,173,539
Govermental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>12,660,240</u> \$	<u>(172,458</u>) <u>\$</u>		\$ 12,487,782
Depresiation expanse was sharged to functions	of the District as fol	laure.		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Instructional Services	
Regular programs	\$ 353,703
Supporting Services	
Pupils	52,309
General administration	770
Other	 302,977
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 709,759

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Balance 7/1/2019		Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/20	-	mounts due Within One Year
General obligation school bonds ISBE Technology Loan Deferred amounts for bond	\$ 13,193,357 -	\$	5,935,000 227,200	\$ 6,307,102 38,763	\$ 12,821,255 188,437	\$	577,077 74,252
reissuance premium	224,917	_	762,918	 224,917	 762,918	_	
Total	\$ 13,418,274	\$	6,925,118	\$ 6,570,782	\$ 13,772,610	\$	651,329

General Obligation Bonds

\$2,081,654 Taxable Limited Capital Appreciation Refunding Bonds, Series 2002A, due in annual installments varying from \$542,077 to \$583,870 through 2021; interest rates varying from 6.50% to 6.70%.

\$634,178 Capital Appreciation Refunding Bonds, Series 2002B, due in one installment of \$634,178 in 2022; interest rate at 5.30%.

\$4,525,000 General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2020A, due in annual installments varying from \$35,000 to \$645,000 through 2029; interest rates vary from 4.00%.

\$1,410,000 Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2020B, due in annual installments varying from \$180,000 to \$225,000 through 2029; interest rate at 4.00%.

Qualified School Construction Bonds

\$5,710,000 Taxable General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2017B, due in one annual installment of \$5,710,000 in 2042; interest rates at 5.25%. Interest is subsidized by the federal government.

ISBE Technology Loan

\$227,200 ISBE Technology Loan due in six semi-annual installments of \$38,825 through 2023; interest rate is 2.00%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds as of June 30, 2020 are as follows for:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 577,0	77 \$ 1,804,398	\$ 2,381,475
2022	1,084,1	.78 1,632,597	7 2,716,775
2023	690,0	503,975	1,193,975
2024	720,0	000 475,775	1,195,775
2025	750,0	000 446,375	1,196,375
2026-2030	3,290,0	2,967,575	6,257,575
2031-2032	5,710,0	000 2,398,200	8,108,200
Total	\$ <u>12,821,2</u>	.55 \$ 10,228,895	\$ 23,050,150

The District is subject to the Illinois School Code, which limits the amount of certain indebtedness to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2020, the statutory debt limit for the District was \$8,843,673, with the current outstanding debt that is subject to the statutory debt limit calculation as of June 30, 2020 for the District totaling \$12,821,255. As of June 30, 2020, the District exceeded the statutory debt limit by \$3,977,582.

Payments to retire bonds payable will be made from debt service levies in future periods. There is \$256,479 of fund equity available in the Debt Service Fund to service outstanding bonds payable.

Advanced Refunding of Debt

The District issued 2020 of General Obligation Refunding School Bonds, Series 2020A and B, with interest rates ranging from 3.000% to 4.000%. The proceeds were used for the current and advanced refunding of \$5,723,232 of outstanding Series 2008 Bonds, Series 2009A and B Bonds, and Series 2009D Capital Appreciation Bonds. The total net proceeds were \$6,427,005 (including a premium of \$762,918 and after payment of issuance costs of \$172,527 and capitalized interest on the 2020B Bonds of \$98,387). \$4,494,091 of the net proceeds were used to call all of the outstanding 2009A and 2009B bonds. The remianing net proceeds of \$1,932,914 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the refunding of the outstanding Series 2008 and Series 2009B issues. As a result, the liability for the Series 2009A, 2009B, 2008, and 2009B Bonds have been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceed the net carrying amount of the old bonds by \$703,773. This amount is included in the statement of net position as a deferred outflow of resources and will be amortized over the life of the refunding debt. The refunding transactions resulted in a decrease in total debt service payments of \$1,257,016 and created an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments of the new and old debt) of \$1,161,551.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5: Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2020, fund balances were comprised of the following:

					Total Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	Gene	ral Fund	Transportation	Debt Service	Funds	Funds
Restricted			•			
Debt service	\$	- 9	\$ -	\$ 256,479	\$ -	\$ 256,479
Transportation		-	1,590,374	-	-	1,590,374
Retirement		-	-	-	327,917	327,917
Tort immunity		-	-	-	108,136	108,136
Fire prevention & safety		-	-	-	6,317	6,317
Capital projects		-	-	-	627,591	627,591
Total restricted		-	1,590,374	256,479	1,069,961	2,916,814
Unassigned	3	3,913,399	-		-	3,913,399
Total fund balances	\$3	3,913,399	\$ 1,590,374	\$ 256,479	\$ 1,069,961	\$ 6,830,213

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems

The retirement plans of the District include the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Most funding for TRS is provided through payroll withholdings of certified employees and contributions made by the State of Illinois on-behalf of the District. IMRF is funded through property taxes and a perpetual lien of the District's corporate personal property replacement tax. Each retirement system is discussed below.

a. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS)

Plan Description

The District participates in the TRS. TRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago.

TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/fy2019; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest consecutive years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier III hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2021. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

Contributions

The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 9.0% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

On-behalf contributions to TRS. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on-behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2020, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the pension expense associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$2,551,101 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

2.2 formula contributions. The District contributes 0.58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$32,766, and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the District, there is a statutory requirement for the District to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the employer pension contribution was 10.66% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2020, \$60,987 of salaries were paid from the federal and special trust funds and required employer contributions of \$6,501. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

Employer retirement cost contributions. Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The District is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District did not make any payments for salary increases over 6 percent, salary increases over 3 percent, or excess sick leave contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net Pension liability \$ 631,146
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District 44,917,991
Total \$ 45,549,137

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2019, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2019, the employer's proportion was 0.00439%, which was a decrease of 0.00020% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,551,101 and revenue of \$2,551,101 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2020, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources, which are not reported due to the regulatroy basis of accounting:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflow of
	F	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	10,349	\$ _
Changes in assumptions		14,142	12,115
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		1,000	-
proportionate share of contributions		75,241	801,872
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		100,732	813,987
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	40,159	
Total	\$_	140,891	\$ 813,987

\$40,159 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows
	(Inflows) of
Year Ending June 30	Resources
2021	\$ (197,098)
2022	(261,384)
2023	(164,362)
2024	(79,665)
2025	<u>(10,746)</u>
Total	\$ <u>(713,255</u>)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases varies by amount of service credit

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

In the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for the TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017. In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were also based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates were used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2014.

The long-term (20-year) expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	15.0 %	6.3 %
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.0 %	7.7 %
International equities developed	13.6 %	7.0 %
Emerging market equities	3.4 %	9.5 %
U.S. bonds core	8.0 %	2.2 %
U.S. bonds high yield	4.2 %	4.0 %
International debt developed	2.2 %	1.1 %
Emerging international debt	2.6 %	4.4 %
Real estate	16.0 %	5.2 %
Commodities (real return)	4.0 %	1.8 %
Hedge funds (absolute return)	14.0 %	4.1 %
Private Equity	<u>15.0</u> %	9.7 %
Total	100.0 %	

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%, which was the same as the June 30, 2018 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2019 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:)

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>770,890</u>	<u>\$ 631,146</u>	<u>\$ 516,249</u>

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2019 is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

b. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Description and Benefits

Plan description – The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Benefits provided - IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

3% of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms - At the December 31, 2019 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	287
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	113
Active employees	37
Total	437

Contributions - As set by statute, the employer's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 7.56%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the employer contributed \$100,029 to the plan. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Net Pension Liability - The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability

at December 31, 2019:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to

match current IMRF experience.

Other information: Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

The **long-term expected rate of return** on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2019:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	37.0 %	
International equities	18.0 %	
Fixed income	28.0 %	3.25 %
Real estate	7.0 %	5.20 %
Alternatives	9.0 %	3.20-8.50 %
Cash	1.0 %	1.85 %
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and

The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.75%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using the single discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net pension liability	\$ <u>769,695</u>	\$ (14,657)	\$ (675,784)

Due to the District preparing its financial statements on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Illinois State Board of Education, pension liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows referred to throughout the note disclosure are not recognized in the actual financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 7,997,250	\$ 7,088,479	\$ 908,771
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	116,900	-	116,900
Interest on the total Pension liability	563,248	-	563,248
Differences between expected and actual experience of the			
total Pension liability	(115,778)	-	(115,778)
Contributions - employer	-	87,840	(87,840)
Contributions - employees	-	58,072	(58,072)
Net investment income	-	1,424,097	(1,424,097)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(573,534)	(573,534)	-
Other (net transfer)		(82,211)	82,211
Net changes	(9,164)	\$ 914,264	\$ (923,428)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 7,988,086	\$ 8,002,743	\$ (14,657)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$100,029. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources which are not reported due to the financial reporting provisions of the Illinois State Board of Education.

	_	Deferred utflows of	Deferred Inflow of
	R	esources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ -
Changes in assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		696,083 696,083	1,082,007 1,082,007
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		59,336	
Total	\$	755,419	\$ 1,082,007

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

\$59,336 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows
	(Inflows) of
Year Ending December 31	Resources
2020	\$ (115,830)
2021	(126,949)
2022	42,587
2023	<u>(185,732)</u>
Total	\$ <u>(385,924)</u>

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits

a. Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS)

Plan Description

The District participates in the THIS. The THIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan (OPEB) that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago. THIS members are retirees of public schools who were certified educators or administrators. Eligibility is currently limited to former full-time employees, and others who were not full-time employees that meet certain requirements, and their dependents. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.5) (SEGIA) establishes the eligibility and benefit provisions of the plan.

The THIS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at the website of the Illinois Auditor General: https://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Report/ABC-List.asp. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services"; prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services".

Benefits Provided

The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who were enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in Medicare Advantage Plans.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS.

Contributions

The SEGIA requires that all active contributors to the TRS, who are not employees of a department, make contributions to the plan at a rate of 1.24% of salary and for every employer of a teacher to contribute an amount equal to 0.92% of each teacher's salary. Additionally, the SEGIA requires the State to match the employees' contribution on-behalf of the employer. The Department determines, by rule, the percentage required, which each year shall not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. In addition, under the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriations Act (40 ILCS 15/1.3), there is appropriated, on a continuing annual basis, from the General Revenue Fund, an account of the General Fund, to the State Comptroller for deposit in the THIS, an amount equal to the amount certified by the Board of Trustees of TRS as the estimated total amount of contributions to be paid under 5 ILCS 376/6.6(a) in that fiscal year.

The SEGIA requires that the Department's Director determine the rates and premiums of annuitants and dependent beneficiaries and establish the cost-sharing parameters, as well as funding. Member premiums are set by this statute, which provides for a subsidy of either 50% or 75%, depending upon member benefit choices. Dependents are eligible for coverage, at a rate of 100% of the cost of coverage.

On-behalf contributions to THIS. The state of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to THIS Fund from active members which were 1.24% of pay during the year ended June 30, 2020. State of Illinois contributions were \$70,514, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

Employer contributions to THIS Fund. The District also makes contributions to THIS Fund. The District THIS Fund contribution was 0.92% during the year ended June 30, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District paid \$51,974 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District's reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability \$ 7,479,457
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District 10,128,139
Total \$ 17,607,596

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2019, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.027024%, which was a decrease of 0.001853% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$175,209

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of	•	Inflow of
	Resources		Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	124,116
Changes in assumptions	2,83	6	857,389
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		-	245
proportionate share of contributions	1	<u> </u>	971,924
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods	2,85	3	1,953,674
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	51,97	<u>4</u> \$	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 54,82	<u>7 \$</u>	1,953,674

\$51,974 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2020	\$ (359,304)
2021	(359,304)
2022	(359,284)
2023	(359,244)
2024	(276,855)
2025	(131,859)
Thereafter	(104,971)
Total	\$ <u>(1,950,821</u>)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation was based on the Entry Age Normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are directly proportional to the employee's salary. The normal cost rate equals the present value of future benefits at entry age divided by the present value of future salary at entry age. The normal cost at the member's attained age equals the normal cost rate at entry age multiplied by the salary at attained age. The actuarial accrued liability equals the present value of benefits at attained age less present value of future salaries at attained age multiplied by normal cost rate at entry age.

Actuarial Assumptions.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Depends on service and ranges from 9.50% at 1 year of service to 4.00% at 20 or

more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation

assumption

Investment rate of return 0.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates Actual trend used for fiscal year 2019. For fiscal years on and after 2020, trend

starts at 8.00% and 9.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50%. Additional trend rate of 0.36% is added to non-Medicare costs on and after 2022 to

account for Excise Tax.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the RP-Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2017.

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments were discounted to their actuarial present value using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Since the THIS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a discount rate consistent with the 20-year general obligation bond index has been selected. The discount rates are 3.62% as of June 30, 2018, and 3.13% as of June 30, 2019. The decrease in the single discount rate from 3.62% to 3.13% caused the total OPEB liability to increase by approximately \$2,296 million from 2018 to 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.13%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.13%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.13%) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.13%	3.13%	4.13%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>8,993,021</u>	\$ 7,479,457	\$ 6,284,065

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. They key trend rates are 8.00% in 2020 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.81% in 2027 for non-Medicare coverage, and 9.00% decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% in 2027 for Medicare coverage:

	Healthcare			
	Cost Trend			
	1% Decrease Rate 1% Increa			
	(a) Assumptions (b)			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>6,042,791</u>	<u>\$ 7,479,457</u>	\$ 9,419,855	

- a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2020 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.81% in 2027, for non-Medicare coverage, and 8.00% in 2020 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50% in 2027 for Medicare coverage.
- b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00% in 2020 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.81% in 2027, for non-Medicare coverage, and 5.81% in 2020 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50% in 2027 for Medicare coverage

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

b. Retireet Health Plan

Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Retiree Health Plan"). The Plan provides postemployment benefits for eligible participants enrolled in the District sponsored plans. Benefit provision are established through contractual agreements and may only be amended though negotiations with the Board. The Plan does not issued a separate, publicly available report.

Eligibility

Employees are eligible upon retirement if enrolled in the active medical plan immediately prior to retiring.

The criteria for TRS retirement is as follows:

- Tier 1 Employees must be age 60 with at least 10 years of service, age 62 with at least 5 years of service, age 55 with at least 35 years of service, or age 55 with at least 20 years of service (discounted benefits)
- Tier 2 Employees must be 67 with at least 10 years of service, or age 62 with at least 10 years of service (discounted benefits)

The criteria for IMRF retirement is as follows:

- Regular Plan Tier 1 Employees must be age 60 with at least 8 years of credited service, or age 55 with at least 8 years of credit service (discounted benefits)
- Regular Plan Tier 2 Employees must be age 67 with at least 10 years of credited service, or age 62 with at least 10 years credited service (discounted benefits)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	119
Total	143

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Asset valuation method N/A Inflation 3.00% Salary increases 4.00%

Investment rate of return N/A

Retirement age Rates from the December 31, 2016 IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report. No Early

Retirement Rates assumed.

Mortality Rates from the December 31, 2016 IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report.

Healthcare cost trend rates Medical plan trend starts at 5.00%, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend

of 4.50%. Dental and vision plan trends are 2.00%.

Discount Rate

The District does not have a dedicated Trust to pay the benefits of the Plan. Per GASB 75, this discount rate is a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). The discount rate used is 2.66%, which is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2020.

	Total OPEB Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net OPEB Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ <u>1,496,209</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,496,209
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	160,142	-	160,142
Interest on the total OPEB liability	40,759	-	40,759
Differences between expected and actual experience	48,989	-	48,989
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	281,983	-	281,983
Contributions - employer	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(70,613)	-	(70,613)
Other changes	42,591		42 <u>,591</u>
Net changes	503,851		503,851
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ <u>2,000,060</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 2,000,060

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the employer's net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.66%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate		
	1.66%	2.66%	3.66%	
Net OPEB liability	\$ <u>1,853,141</u>	<u>\$ 2,000,060</u>	\$ 2,158,793	

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	l	Healthcare
	(Cost Trend
		Rate
	1% Decrease A	ssumptions 1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ <u>2,249,121</u> \$	2,000,060 \$ 1,786,974

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

	(Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflow of
		Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	42,799	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	_	312,458	30,085
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments		-	-
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods		355,257	30,085
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u>-</u>	 -
Total	\$_	355,257	\$ 30,085

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2021	\$ 46,553
2022	46,553
2023	46,553
2024	46,553
2025	46,553
2026	48,243
Thereafter	<u>44,164</u>
Total	\$ <u>325,172</u>

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee medical coverage; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. The amount of coverage has not decreased nor have the amount of settlements exceeded coverage in the current year or any of the past three years.

Note 9: Joint Venture

The District is a member of Southwest Cook County Cooperative Association for Special Education, along with other area school districts. The District's pupils benefit from special education programs and services administered under the joint agreement, and the District benefits from jointly administered grants and programming. The District does not have an equity interest in the joint agreement. The joint agreement is separately audited and is not included in these financial statements. Financial information may be obtained directly from Southwest Cook County Cooperative Association for Special Education at 6020 W. 151st Street, Oak Forest, Illinois 60452.

Note 10: Interfund Transfers

As of June 30, 2020, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

Transfer from	Transfer to		Amount		
General Fund Educational Account	Debt Service Fund	\$	38,828		

Transfers are also used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various installment contract payments paid for from the Debt Service Fund.

Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -Budget and Actual

	General Fund			
	Original and	General Fana	Variance with	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues Received	i mai baaget	7100001	i mai baaget	
Local sources	\$ 5,670,500 \$	5,322,432	\$ (348,068)	
State resources	8,757,000	11,055,813	2,298,813	
Federal resources	2,084,578	2,082,314	(2,264)	
Total revenues received	16,512,078	18,460,559	1,948,481	
Expenditures				
Current operating				
Instruction	9,044,665	10,562,861	1,518,196	
Support Services	6,017,545	5,843,871	(173,674)	
Community services	1,010,800	798,315	(212,485)	
Capital outlay	11,500	8,143	(3,357)	
Total expenditures	<u>16,084,510</u>	17,213,190	1,128,680	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	427,568	1,247,369	819,801	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
ISBE loan proceeds	-	227,200	227,200	
Transfers in (out)		(38,828)	(38,828)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	188,372	188,372	
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 427,568</u>	1,435,741	\$ 1,008,173	
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,477,658		
Fund balances at end of year	Ç	3,913,399		

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -Budget and Actual

	Transportation				
	Original and Variance with				
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget Actual Final Budget				
Revenues Received					
Local sources	\$ 836,000 \$ 748,837 \$ (87,163)				
State resources	<u>1,150,000</u> <u>964,959</u> <u>(185,041</u>)				
Total revenues received	<u>1,986,000</u> <u>1,713,796</u> <u>(272,204)</u>				
Expenditures					
Current operating	4.072.500				
Support Services	<u> 1,972,500</u> <u>1,134,565</u> <u>(837,935)</u>				
Total expenditures	<u>1,972,500</u> <u>1,134,565</u> <u>(837,935</u>)				
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 13,500</u> 579,231 <u>\$ 565,731</u>				
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,011,143				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u>1,590,374</u>				

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Last Six Calendar Years

		2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	116,900 \$	107,176 \$	119,484 \$	147,752
Interest		563,248	584,902	599,432	580,557
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual					
experience		(115,778)	(314,407)	(36,982)	89,692
Changes of assumption		-	178,014	(279,712)	(16,006)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions		(573,534)	(607,077)	(572,532)	(541,250)
Net change in total pension liability		(9,164)	(51,392)	(170,310)	260,745
Total pension liability, beginning		7,997,250	8,048,642	8,218,952	7,958,207
Total pension liability - ending	\$_	7,988,086 \$	7,997,250 \$	8,048,642 \$	8,218,952
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$	87,840 \$	118,144 \$	110,526 \$	116,417
Contributions - member		58,072	50,990	50,333	64,229
Net investment income		1,424,097	(545,660)	1,385,926	480,312
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions		(573,534)	(607,077)	(572,532)	(541,250)
Other	_	(82,211)	(185,611)	(197,681)	70,989
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		914,264	(1,169,214)	776,572	190,697
Plan net position, beginning		7,088,479	8,257,693	7,481,121	7,290,424
Plan net position, ending	\$_	8,002,743 \$	7,088,479 \$	8,257,693 \$	7,481,121
Employer's net pension liability (asset)	\$	(14,657) \$	908,771 \$	(209,051) \$	737,831
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		100.18 %	88.64 %	102.60 %	91.02 %
Covered payroll	¢	1,161,893 \$			
Covered payroli	\$	1,101,033 \$	1,052,042 \$	1,079,361 \$	1,177,127
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		(1.26)%	86.38 %	(19.37)%	62.68 %

2015		2014
\$ 151,248 551,199 -	\$	165,339 514,343 -
168,780 16,179		(154,515) 342,547
 (405,790) 481,616		(332,712) 535,002
 7,476,591		6,941,589
\$ 7,958,207	<u>\$</u>	7,476,591
\$ 132,564 58,015 36,915	\$	133,084 59,661 433,326
 (405,790) (21,942) (200,238)		(332,712) 23,612 316,971
 7,490,662	_	7,173,691
\$ 7,290,424	\$	7,490,662
\$ 667,783	\$	(14,071)
\$ 91.61 % 1,284,531	\$	100.19 % 1,277,201
51.99 %		(1.10)%

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Last Six Calendar Years

Calendar Year	R	ntractually equired ntribution	in Co	ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ontribution	Def	ribution ficiency xcess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$	87,839	\$	87,840	\$	(1)	\$ 1,161,893	7.56 %
2018		118,144		118,144		-	1,052,042	11.23 %
2017		110,527		110,526		1	1,079,361	10.24 %
2016		116,418		116,417		1	1,177,127	9.89 %
2015		132,564		132,564		-	1,284,531	10.32 %
2014		133,084		133,084		-	1,277,201	10.42 %

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

of each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry age normal Level percent of pay, closed Remaining amortization period 24-year closed period

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 3.25% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014 - 2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System

Last Six Fiscal Years

		2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0008 %	0.0010 %	0.0019 %	0.0028 %
District's proportion share of the net pension liability	\$	631,146 \$	749,468 \$	1,440,270 \$	2,208,821
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	44,917,991	51,341,724	49,478,870	58,040,076
	\$_	45,549,137 \$	52,091,192 \$	50,919,140 \$	60,248,897
District's covered payroll	\$	5,649,304 \$	6,305,661 \$	6,965,923 \$	7,014,631
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		11.17 %	11.89 %	20.68 %	31.49 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		39.60 %	40.00 %	39.30 %	36.40 %

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions

For the 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.5 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit, but the rates of increase in the 2018 measurement year were slightly higher.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

For the 2014 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was also 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. However, salary increases were assumed to vary by age.

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end.

2016*	2015*
0.0023 %	0.0028 %
\$ 1,509,841 \$	1,688,586
39,976,379	42,240,882
\$ 41,486,220 \$	43,929,468
\$ 6,201,109 \$	6,853,294
24.35 %	24.64 %
41.50 %	43.00 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System

Last Six Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2020	\$ 32,766	\$ 33,232	¢ (466)	¢	0.59 %	
	•	,		\$ 5,649,304		
2019	42,542	43,222	(680)	6,212,706	0.70 %	
2018	48,633	63,393	(14,760)	6,305,661	1.01 %	
2017	83,814	84,082	(268)	6,965,923	1.21 %	
2016	103,904	108,428	(4,524)	7,014,631	1.55 %	
2015	110,380	110,380	-	6,201,109	1.78 %	

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

Last Three Fiscal Years

		2020*	2019*	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.027024 %	0.028877 %	0.030294 %
District's proportion share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,479,457 \$	7,607,877 \$	7,861,221
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	10,128,139	10,215,738	10,323,737
	\$ <u>_</u>	17,607,596 \$	17,823,615 \$	18,184,958
District's covered payroll	\$	5,649,304 \$	6,305,661 \$	6,965,923
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		132.40 %	120.65 %	112.85 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		(0.22)%	(0.07)%	(0.17)%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

Last Three Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Re	tractually equired stribution	in Ro Con Ro	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020 2019 2018	\$	51,974 55,490 58,514	\$	51,974 60,241 58,540	\$	- (4,751) (26)	\$	5,649,304 6,305,661 6,965,923	0.92 % 0.96 % 0.84 %

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Postemployment Health Plan

Last Three Fiscal Years

		2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	160,142 \$	161,417 \$	148,332
Interest		40,759	38,826	37,958
Differences between expected and actual experience		48,989	-	-
Changes of assumption		281,983	23,665	15,983
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(70,613)	(62,593)	(64,700)
Other Changes	_	42,591	708	(48,452)
Net change in total pension liability		503,851	162,023	89,121
Total pension liability, beginning	_	1,496,209	1,334,186	1,245,065
Total pension liability - ending	\$_	2,000,060 \$	1,496,209 \$	1,334,186
Employer's net pension liability (asset)	\$ <u></u>	2,000,060 \$	1,496,209 \$	1,334,186
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Covered payroll		N/	N/A	N/A

Notes to Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2020

a. Budgetary Information

The budget is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting for all governmental funds, which is an acceptable method as prescribed by the Illinois State Board of Education, and is the same basis that is used for financial reporting. The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget/appropriations) is the fund. The budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The District does not utilize an encumbrance system. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- ➤ The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to September 30 the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. On or before the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- > The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund without Board of Education approval; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- > Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.
- The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

b. Excess of Expenditures over Budget

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over the budgeted amount for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year	Budget		Actual		Excess	
Educational Account	\$ 15,087,010	\$	16,365,807	\$	1,278,797	
Debt Service Fund	\$ 2,377,500	\$	2,519,004	\$	141,504	
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 500,000	\$	537,301	\$	37,301	

The expenditure variances was sufficiently absorbed by surpluses that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year and were approved by the Board of Education. Under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.

Combining Balance Sheet by Account -Modified Cash Basis -General Fund

June 30, 2020	C Educational	Operations and Maintenance	Working Cash	Total General
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>3,515,503</u> \$	80,398	\$ 317,498	\$ 3,913,399
Fund Balances Unassigned	\$ <u>3,515,503</u> \$	80,398	\$ <u>317,498</u>	\$ 3,913,399

See Independent Accountant's Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.

Combining Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances by Account - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund

			C	Operations and			
Year Ended June 30, 2020		Educational		Maintenance	Working Cash		Total General
Revenues Received							
Property taxes	\$	4,338,777	\$	672,298	\$ 54,483	\$	5,065,558
Other local sources		249,277		-	7,597		256,874
State resources		10,805,813		250,000	-		11,055,813
Federal resources	_	2,082,314	_				2,082,314
Total revenues received	_	17,476,181	-	922,298	62,080	_	18,460,559
Expenditures Disbursed							
Current operating							
Instruction		10,562,861		-	-		10,562,861
Support Services		5,004,631		847,383	-		5,852,014
Community services		(374))	-	-		(374)
Payments to other districts and							
governmental units	_	798,689	_			_	798,689
Total expenditures disbursed	_	16,365,807	_	847,383		_	17,213,190
Excess of revenues received over							
expenditures disbursed	_	1,110,374	-	74,915	62,080	_	1,247,369
Other financing sources (uses)							
ISBE loan proceeds		227,200		_	-		227,200
Tranfers out		(38,828)		_	-		(38,828)
	_	(30)020)	, -			_	(30)020
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	188,372	-			_	188,372
Net changes in fund balance		1,298,746		74,915	62,080		1,435,741
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	2,216,757	_	5,483	255,418	_	2,477,658
Fund balances end of year	\$_	3,515,503	\$_	80,398	\$ <u>317,498</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,913,399

See Independent Accountant's Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.

Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes In Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis -Budget and Actual

	Educational Account									
		2019								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and		Variance with							
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual						
Revenues Received										
Local sources										
Property taxes - general levy	\$ 4,450,000 \$	4,205,660	\$ (244,340) \$	4,405,439						
Special education tax levy	90,000	133,117	43,117	78,315						
Corporate replacement taxes	60,000	72,081	12,081	58,363						
Food services	40,000	8,877	(31,123)	37,361						
Textbook income	1,000	642	(358)	589						
Pupil activities - fees	69,750	16,759	(52,991)	36,774						
Earnings on investments	25,000	56,491	31,491	23,464						
Other	59,750	94,427	34,677	47,399						
Total local sources	4,795,500	4,588,054	(207,446)	4,687,704						
State sources										
Unrestricted										
Evidence based funding formula	7,692,000	7,843,930	151,930	7,085,977						
Restricted										
Special education:										
Private facility tuition	55,000	33,784	(21,216)	53,750						
Orphanage - individual	110,000	128,966	18,966	109,032						
Orphanage - summer individual	10,000	8,494	(1,506)	10,716						
State free lunch and breakfast	15,000	10,608	(4,392)	13,572						
Early childhood	175,000	145,458	(29,542)	187,896						
Other	, -	13,421	13,421	, <u> </u>						
On behalf payments - State of Illinois	500,000	2,621,152	2,121,152	4,898,872						
Total state sources	<u>8,557,000</u>	10,805,813	2,248,813	12,359,815						
Federal sources										
Restricted										
Food service	716,500	1,001,991	285,491	683,485						
Title I - low income	550,000	597,491	47,491	551,782						
IDEA - flow through	380,000	64,345	(315,655)	382,363						
IDEA - preschool flow-through	15,000	9,850	(5,150)	12,155						
Title II - Teacher Quality	73,078	52,359	(20,719)	42,767						
Medicaid admin outreach	50,000	112,165	62,165	40,796						
Medicaid fee-for-service	300,000	244,113	(55,887)	267,993						
Total federal sources	2,084,578	2,082,314	(2,264)	1,981,341						
Total revenues	\$ 15,437,078 \$	17,476,181	\$ 2,039,103 \$	19,028,860						

Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes In Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis -Budget and Actual (Continued)

	Educational			
		2020		2019
	•		Variance with	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Expenditures				_
Current operating				
Instruction				
Regular programs				
Salaries	\$ 4,283,100 \$	3,687,994		4,009,767
Employee benefits	837,350	606,712	230,638	787,545
On behalf payments - State of Illinois	500,000	2,621,152	(2,121,152)	4,898,872
Purchased services	18,500	12,621	5,879	10,916
Supplies and materials	166,750	129,154	37,596	79,431
Total	5,805,700	7,057,633	(1,251,933)	9,786,531
Pre-K programs				
Salaries	70,000	22,123	47,877	74,773
Employee benefits	2,600	13,675	(11,075)	6,014
Purchased services	2,000	675	1,325	-
Supplies and materials	5,000	15,317	(10,317)	14,794
Other objects	-	18,806	(18,806)	-
Non-capitalized equipment	5,000	2,242	2,758	5,380
Total	84,600	72,838	11,762	100,961
Special education programs				
Salaries	1,108,500	929,876	178,624	1,038,476
Employee benefits	259,450	240,240	19,210	217,323
Supplies and materials	13,500	2,863	10,637	10,651
Non-capitalized equipment	16,500		16,500	756
Total	1,397,950	1,172,979	224,971	1,267,206
Special education Pre-K programs				
Salaries	70,000	96,879	(26,879)	107,992
Employee benefits	18,100	24,219	(6,119)	12,547
Supplies and materials	2,500	388	2,112	1,210
Total	90,600	121,486	(30,886)	121,749

			2019	
			Variance with	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Remedial and supplemental programs K-12				
Salaries	\$ 121,400 \$	72,012	\$ 49,388 \$	82,712
Employee benefits	20,850	15,006	5,844	15,298
Purchased services	1,650	33,440	(31,790)	-
Supplies and materials	7,000	6,696	304	32,290
Other objects	120,000	112,145	7,855	-
Non-capitalized equipment				57,267
Total	270,900	239,299	31,601	187,567
Interscholastic programs				
Salaries	55,000	24,795	30,205	65,654
Employee benefits	4,500	518	3,982	3,052
Supplies and materials	4,000	-	4,000	2,539
Other objects		480	(480)	
Total	63,500	25,793	37,707	71,245
Summer school programs				
Salaries	76,000	85,396	(9,396)	52,724
Employee benefits	100	3,367	(3,267)	3,645
Purchased services	6,000	-	6,000	1,718
Supplies and materials	1,500		1,500	
Total	83,600	88,763	(5,163)	58,087
Bilingual programs				
Salaries	90,000	40,915	49,085	81,829
Employee benefits	12,315	5,411	6,904	10,387
Supplies and materials	500	1,222	(722)	<u>-</u>
Total	102,815	47,548	55,267	92,216
Regular K-12 private tuition				
Other objects	45,000	75,131	(30,131)	28,413
Special education K-12 private tution				
Other objects	1,100,000	1,661,391	(561,391)	85,815
Total	1,145,000	1,736,522	(591,522)	114,228
Total instruction	9,044,665	10,562,861	(1,518,196)	11,799,790

	Educational					
		2020		2019		
	<u> </u>		Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Support services						
Pupils						
Attendance and social work						
Salaries	\$ 267,750 \$	140,403	\$ 127,347 \$	239,386		
Employee benefits	39,150	17,422	21,728	33,580		
Purchased services	30,000	3,300	26,700	18,831		
Supplies and materials	1,000	11	989	281		
Total	337,900	161,136	176,764	292,078		
Guidance services						
Salaries	50,000	50,794	(794)	36,460		
Employee benefits	9,550	9,471	<u>79</u>	7,441		
Total	<u>59,550</u>	60,265	(715)	43,901		
Health services						
Salaries	164,000	170,870	(6,870)	181,396		
Employee benefits	42,670	40,518	2,152	37,652		
Purchased services	245,000	198,626	46,374	291,874		
Supplies and materials	<u>4,500</u>	3,847	653	3,848		
Total	456,170	413,861	42,309	514,770		
Psychological services						
Purchased services	82,000	45,125	36,875	46,301		
Supplies and materials	7,500		7,500			
Total	<u>89,500</u>	45,125	44,375	46,301		
Speech pathology and audiology services						
Salaries	90,000	-	90,000	56,577		
Employee benefits	26,875	-	26,875	15,300		
Purchased services	102,500	161,014	(58,514)	106,815		
Supplies and materials	6,000	<u>-</u>	6,000			
Total	225,375	161,014	64,361	178,692		

	Educational					
		2020				
			Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Other support services						
Salaries	\$ - \$	30,984	\$ (30,984) \$	59,655		
Employee benefits	44,600	23,777	20,823	39,259		
Purchased services	25,500	490	25,010	8,511		
Supplies and materials	250	-	250	39		
Other objects	250	299	(49)			
Total	70,600	55,550	15,050	107,464		
Total pupils	1,239,095	896,951	342,144	1,183,206		
Instructional staff						
Improvement of instruction services						
Salaries	125,500	111,098	14,402	4,774		
Employee benefits	40,000	22,299	17,701	2,135		
Purchased services	112,500	43,965	68,535	58,322		
Supplies and materials	-	1,318	(1,318)	1,410		
Non-capitalized equipment		2,667	(2,667)			
Total	278,000	181,347	96,653	66,641		
Educational media services						
Salaries	51,000	52,554	(1,554)	65,886		
Employee benefits	9,550	9,858	(308)	7,168		
Purchased services	170,500	196,273	(25,773)	234,131		
Supplies and materials	16,000	20,989	(4,989)	19,776		
Non-capitalized equipment		-		<u>171</u>		
Total	247,050	279,674	(32,624)	327,132		
Assessment and training						
Purchased services	120,000	423,589	(303,589)	103,673		
Supplies and materials	300		300	28		
Total	120,300	423,589	(303,289)	103,701		
Total instructional staff	645,350	884,610	(239,260)	497,474		

	Educational					
		2020		2019		
			Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
General administration						
Board of education						
Employee benefits	\$ 95,000 \$	81,591	\$ 13,409 \$	92,544		
Purchased services	274,500	235,186	39,314	233,219		
Supplies and materials	10,500	7,486	3,014	7,636		
Other objects	18,500	21,066	(2,566)	4,800		
Total	398,500	345,329	53,171	338,199		
Executive administration						
Salaries	220,000	291,169	(71,169)	232,810		
Employee benefits	68,050	43,360	24,690	59,175		
Purchased services	19,950	2,623	17,327	18,939		
Supplies and materials	8,000	5,280	2,720	6,595		
Other objects	3,500	925	2,575	8,155		
Non-capitalized equipment	3,500	5,471	(1,971)	3,078		
Total	323,000	348,828	(25,828)	328,752		
Special area administrative services						
Salaries	151,000	148,593	2,407	128,889		
Employee benefits	46,550	60,083	(13,533)	36,201		
Purchased services	5,500	399	5,101	1,814		
Supplies and materials	1,250	444	806	724		
Other objects	2,500	10,337	(7,837)	13,140		
Non-capitalized equipment	1,000		1,000	-		
Total	207,800	219,856	(12,056)	180,768		
Total general administration	929,300	914,013	15,287	847,719		
School administration						
Office of the principal						
Salaries	700,000	697,410	2,590	621,545		
Employee benefits	240,400	238,477	1,923	215,018		
Purchased services	9,000	4,525	4,475	6,343		
Supplies and materials	6,000	2,077	3,923	6,553		
Other objects	750	24	726	87		
Non-capitalized equipment	<u>8,500</u>	19,834	(11,334)	<u>-</u>		
Total school administration	964,650	962,347	2,303	849,546		

		2019		
			Variance with	_
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Business				
Direction of busines support services				
Salaries	\$ 118,000 \$	5 124,922	\$ (6,922) \$	118,119
Employee benefits	3 118,000 3 45,000	23,885	21,115	40,687
Purchased services	6,250	•	•	•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,216	5,034	2,242
Supplies and materials	2,750	2,934	(184)	1,583
Other objects	2,500	774	1,726	1,109
Non-capitalized equipment		3,197	(3,197)	
Total	174,500	156,928	17,572	163,740
Fiscal services				
Salaries	72,500	60,233	12,267	79,265
Employee benefits	21,600	11,501	10,099	18,286
Purchased services	6,000	321	5,679	3,871
Supplies and materials	1,000	218	782	1,051
Other objects	250	31	219	7
•				_
Total	101,350	72,304	29,046	102,480
Operation and maintenance of plant services				
Salaries	172,000	174,230	(2,230)	167,910
Employee benefits	40,800	51,034	(10,234)	35,501
Purchased services	6,000	-	6,000	65,025
Supplies and materials	1,750	-	1,750	2,977
				_,
Total	220,550	225,264	(4,714)	271,413
Pupil transportation services				
Salaries	1,650	-	1,650	_
Total	<u>1,650</u>		1,650	<u>-</u>
Food services				
Purchased services	607,500	717,469	(109,969)	602,825
Supplies and materials	<u> </u>	3,114		66,369
Total	607,500	720,583	(113,083)	669,194

	Educational					
		2020		2019		
			Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Internal services						
Purchased services	\$ 50,000 \$	54,673	\$ (4,673) \$	53,870		
Supplies and materials	<u> </u>			1,980		
Total	50,000	54,673	(4,673)	55,850		
Total business	1,155,550	1,229,752	(74,202)	1,262,677		
Central						
Direction of central support services						
Supplies and materials	5,500	19	5,481	4,960		
Total	5,500	19	5,481	4,960		
Information services						
Salaries	36,000	39,613	(3,613)	18,958		
Employee benefits	7,500	5,150	2,350	5,451		
Purchased services	10,900	5,340	5,560	10,846		
Total	54,400	50,103	4,297	35,255		
Staff services						
Salaries	3,500	19,043	(15,543)	19,465		
Employee benefits	3,500	4,867	(1,367)	2,414		
Purchased services	26,250	40,663	(14,413)	36,589		
Supplies and materials	2,500	66	2,434	2,684		
Total	35,750	64,639	(28,889)	61,152		
Planning, R&D, and evaluation services						
Purchased services	-	-	-	38,848		
Supplies and materials	 .			15,000		
Total		_		53,848		
Total central	95,650	114,761	(19,111)	<u> 155,215</u>		

	Educational					
		2020		2019		
			Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Other support services						
Supplies and materials	\$ 1,950 S	\$ <u>2,197</u>	\$ (247)	\$ 213		
Total	1.050	2,197	(247)	212		
Total	<u>1,950</u>	2,197	(247)	213		
Total support services	5,031,545	5,004,631	26,914	4,796,050		
Communtiy services						
Purchased services	3,300	-	3,300	-		
Supplies and materials	3,000	(374)	3,374	758		
Total	6,300	(374)	6,674	758		
Payments to other districts and govermental units						
Payments for special education programs						
Other objects	1,000,000	798,689	201,311	1,213,530		
Payments for adult/continuing education programs						
Purchased services	<u>4,500</u>		4,500	-		
Total	1,004,500	798,689	205,811	1,213,530		
Total expenditures	<u> 15,087,010</u>	16,365,807	(1,278,797)	17,810,128		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)						
expenditures	<u>350,068</u>	1,110,374	760,306	1,218,732		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
ISBE loan proceeds	-	227,200	227,200	-		
Transfers in	-	-	-	102,271		
Transfers out		(38,828)	(38,828)	<u>(79,545</u>)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		188,372	188,372	22,726		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 350,068	1,298,746	\$ 948,678	1,241,458		
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,216,757		975,299		
Fund balances, end of year	9	\$ 3,515,503		\$ <u>2,216,757</u>		

	Operations and Maintenance					
			2019			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and		Variance with			
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Revenues						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$ 800,000 \$	672,298	\$ (127,702) \$	730,459		
Rentals	-	-	-	45,789		
Earnings on investments	<u> 1,500</u>		(1,500)			
Total local sources	801,500	672,298	(129,202)	776,248		
State sources						
Unrestricted						
Evidence Based Funding Formula	200,000	250,000	50,000	200,000		
Total state sources	200,000	250,000	50,000	200,000		
Total revenues	1,001,500	922,298	(79,202)	976,248		
Expenditures						
Current operating						
Support services						
Operations and maintenance of plant services:	C20,000	F12 014	124.000	E40 447		
Purchased services	638,000	513,014	124,986 16,774	548,447		
Supplies and materials	343,000	326,226	<u>-</u>	318,531		
Capital outlay Non-capitalized equipment	11,500 5,000	8,143	3,357 5,000	4 162		
Non-capitalized equipment	3,000		3,000	4,162		
Total expenditures	997,500	847,383	150,117	871,140		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)						
expenditures	4,000	74,915	(229,319)	105,108		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	2,646		
Transfers out	-			(102,271)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_			(99,625)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 4,000	74,915	<u>\$ (229,319</u>)	5,483		
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	5,483	-	-		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	80,398	\$ <u>_</u>	5,483		

	Working Cash					
			2020			2019
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Ori	ginal and		Var	iance with	
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Fina	al Budget	Actual	Fin	al Budget	Actual
Revenues						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$	67,500 \$	54,483	\$	(13,017) \$	57,762
Earnings on investments		6,000	7,597		1,597	5,747
Total revenues		73,500	62,080		(11,420)	63,509
Net change in fund balance	\$	73,500	62,080	\$	(11,420)	63,509
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	255,418		_	191,909
Fund balances, end of year		\$ <u>_</u>	317,498		\$ <u></u>	255,418

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Major Governmental Funds

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund - To account for the accumulation of, resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Special Revenue Fund

To account for proceeds from specific revenue sources which are designated to finance expenditures for specific purposes, the District maintains the following Major Special Revenue Fund:

Transportation Fund - to account for activity relating to student transportation to and from school.

		2020	2019
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and	Variance wit	h
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual Final Budge	t Actual
Revenues			
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 2,155,000 \$		•
Earnings on investments	3,000	563 (2,43	7) 2,646
Total local sources	2,158,000	1,866,639 (291,36	2,093,016
Federal sources			
Qualified school construction bond credits	235,000	117,134 (117,86	6) 233,521
Total federal sources	235,000	117,134 (117,86	6) 233,521
Total revenues	2,393,000	1,983,773 (409,22	7) 2,326,537
	, ,	,,	, , , , , , , ,
Expenditures			
Debt service	650,000	622.622	740 270
Payments of principal on long-term debt	650,000	622,633 27,36 1,719,394 60	·
Interest on long-term debt Other	1,720,000	, , ,	, ,
Other	7,500	176,977 (169,47	7) 6,410
Total	2,377,500	2,519,004 (141,50	2,466,515
Total expenditures	2,377,500	2,519,004 (141,50	2,466,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)			
expenditures	15,500	(535,231) (550,73	1) (139,978)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of bonds	-	5,935,000 5,935,00	- 0
Premium on the issuance of bonds	-	762,918 762,91	
Transfers in	-	38,828 38,82	
Payment to escrow agent	-	(6,427,005) (6,427,00	
Total other financing sources (uses)		309,741 309,74	76,899
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 15,500</u>	(225,490) \$ (240,99	<u>0</u>) (63,079)
Fund balances, beginning of year		481 <u>,969</u>	545,048
Fund balances, end of year	\$	<u> 256,479</u>	\$ <u>481,969</u>

	Transportation					
		2020		2019		
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and		Variance with			
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Revenues						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$ 820,000			•		
Earnings on investments	16,000	31,334	15,334	16,161		
Other		10,488	10,488			
Total local sources	836,000	748,837	(87,163)	803,921		
State sources						
Restricted						
Transportation aid						
Regular	500,000	413,557	(86,443)	485,428		
Special education	650,000	551,402	(98,598)	606,019		
Total state sources	1,150,000	964,959	(185,041)	1,091,447		
Total revenues	1,986,000	1,713,796	(272,204)	1,895,368		
Expenditures Disbursed						
Support services						
Pupil transporation services						
Purchased services	1,972,500	1,134,565	837,935	1,522,228		
Community services				1,153		
Total expenditures	1,972,500	1,134,565	837,935	1,523,381		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 13,500	579,231	\$ (1,110,139)	371,987		
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,011,143		639,156		
Fund balances at end of year		\$ 1,590,374		\$ 1,011,143		

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

To account for proceeds from specific revenue sources which are designated to finance expenditures for specific purposes, the District maintains the following Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund - to account for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Social Security for non-certified employees.

Tort Immunity Fund - to account for taxes levied or bonds sold by the District for tort immunity or tort judgment purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Fund - to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction and/or additions related to major capital projects, other than those required to be accounted for in the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund.

Fire Prevention and Safety Fund - to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction and/or additions related to qualifying fire prevention and safety projects.

Combining Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020	Re	Municipal etirement/ cial Secuirty	Tort Immunity	Capital Projec	Fire Preventior ts and Safety	n G	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Assets		227.247	4 100 100	4	- A 60- F04		4 050 054
Cash and investments	\$ <u></u>	327,917	\$ 108,136	\$ <u>6,31</u>	<u>.7</u> \$ 627,591	<u> </u>	1,069,961
Fund balances Restricted for:							
Retirement	\$	327,917	\$ -	\$	-	- \$	327,917
Tort Immunity		-	108,136		-	-	108,136
Capital Projects				6,31	7 627,591	<u> </u>	633,908
Total fund balances	\$	327,917	\$ 108,136	\$ 6,31	<u>7</u> \$ 627,591	<u>\$</u>	1,069,961

See Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.

Combining Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes In Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020	Ret	unicipal irement/ al Security	Tort Immunit	y Ca	apital Projects	Fire Prevention and Safety	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenue Received							
Local sources	\$	293,212	\$ 218,97	3 \$	10,897	\$ 98,168	\$ 621,250
State sources					50,000		50,000
Total revenues received		293,212	218,97	<u>'3</u>	60,897	98,168	671,250
Expenditures Disbursed							
Current operating							
Instruction		152,925		_	-	-	152,925
Support Services		117,807	271,13	7	537,301	42,475	968,720
	•						<u> </u>
Total expenditures disbursed		270,732	271,13	7	537,301	42,475	1,121,645
·							
Net changes in fund balances		22,480	(52,16	4)	(476,404)	55,693	(450,395)
Fund balances at beginning of							
year		305,437	160,30	0	482,721	571,898	1,520,356
						-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	327,917	\$ 108,13	<u>6</u> \$_	6,317	\$ 627,591	\$ 1,069,961

See Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.

		Fund					
			•	2020	•	2019	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Or	riginal and			Variance with		
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	Fin	al Budget	Actual
Revenues Received							
Local sources							
General tax levy	\$	153,000	\$	132,832	\$	(20,168) \$	144,368
Social security/medicare tax levy		181,500		151,365		(30,135)	168,766
Corporate replacement taxes		-		-		-	7,487
Earnings on investments		8,500	_	9,015		<u>515</u>	7,027
Total revenues received		343,000	_	293,212		(49,788)	327,648
Expenditures Disbursed							
Instruction		177,950		152,925		25,025	161,301
Support services		146,050		117,807		28,243	121,243
Total expenditures disbursed		324,000	_	270,732		53,268	282,544
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	19,000		22,480	\$	(103,056)	45,104
Fund balances at beginning of year			_	305,437		_	260,333
Fund balances at end of year			\$ <u>_</u>	327,917		\$ <u>_</u>	305,437

	Tort Immunity							
			2019					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and	Variance with						
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual				
Revenues Received								
Local sources								
Property taxes	\$ 211,000 \$	216,483 \$	5,483 \$	210,661				
Earnings on investments	 -	2,490	2,490	<u>-</u>				
Total local sources	211,000	218,973	7,973	210,661				
State sources								
Unrestricted								
Evidence Based Funding Formula	200,000	<u>-</u>	(200,000)	200,000				
Total state sources	200,000		(200,000)	200,000				
Total revenues	411,000	218,973	(192,027)	410,661				
Expenditures Disbursed								
Current operating								
Support services								
Insurance payments								
Purchased services	405,000	271,137	133,863	265,988				
Total expenditures	405,000	271,137	133,863	265,988				
Net change in fund balance	\$ 6,000	(52,164) <u>\$</u>	(58,164)	144,673				
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	160,300	_	15,627				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ <u></u>	108,136	\$_	160,300				

			2019	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and		Variance with	
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues Received				
Local sources				
Earnings on investments	35,000	10,897	(24,103)	33,040
Total local sources	35,000	10,897	(24,103)	33,040
State sources				
Unrestricted				
Evidence based funding formula	_	50,000	50,000	<u>-</u>
Total state sources	<u>-</u>	50,000	50,000	<u>-</u>
Total revenues received	35,000	60,897	25,897	33,040
Expenditures Disbursed Current operating Support services				
Facility acquistion and construction services Purchased services				E4 422
Capital outlay	500,00 <u>0</u>	537,301	- (37,301)	54,433 <u>1,041,965</u>
Total expenditures disbursed	500,000	537,301	(37,301)	1,096,398
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (465,000</u>)	(476,404)	\$ 63,198	(1,063,358)
Fund balances at beginning of year		482,721		1,546,079
Fund balances at end of year	\$	6,317	\$	482,721

	Fire Prevention and Safety							
		2020	2019					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Original and	Variance with						
with Comparative Actual Totals for 2019	Final Budget	Actual Final Budget	Actual					
Revenues Received Local sources								
Property taxes - general levies	\$ 105,000 \$	80,811 \$ (24,189) \$	91,236					
Earnings on investments	15,000	17,357 2,357	14,643					
6 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Total revenues received	120,000	98,168 (21,832)	105,879					
Expenditures Disbursed Current operating Support services Facility acquistion and construction services								
Purchased services	-		54,572					
Capital outlay	85,000	42,475 42,525	22,690					
Total expenditures disbursed	<u>85,000</u>	42,475 42,525	77,262					
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 35,000</u>	55,693 <u>\$ (64,357)</u>	28,617					
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	571,898	543,281					
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u></u>	627,591 \$	571,898					

Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Extensions and Collections

Last Four Fiscal Years

		2019		2018	2017		2016
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ <u></u>	128,169,171	<u>\$ 1</u>	34,261,471	<u>\$ 141,391,779</u>	<u>\$</u> :	132,687,723
TAX EXTENSIONS BY LEVY							
Educational	\$	5,005,775	\$	4,864,830	\$ 4,744,542	\$	4,210,181
Special education		198,918		110,899	97,277		482,187
Operations and maintenance	-	688,909		700,576	675,852		663,571
Debt services		2,138,124		2,247,248	2,226,440		1,067,913
Transportation		786,702		875,653	851,037		843,893
Municipal retirement		156,366		155,743	160,479		159,225
Working cash		62,674		65,251	61,364		60,372
Tort immunity		263,900		243,281	218,733		215,086
Fire prevention and safety		92,794		97,339	104,064		120,745
Leasing educational facilities		92,794		97,339	125,697		120,745
Social security	_	180,718		175,211	194,555	_	<u> 197,704</u>
Total	\$ <u></u>	9,667,674	\$	9,633,370	\$ 9,460,040	\$	8,141,622
TAX COLLECTIONS							
2020	\$	4,182,828	\$	4,037,311	\$ -	\$	-
2019		_		4,289,221	4,825,076		-
2018		-		-	3,721,941		4,094,155
2017	_						3,577,022
Total	\$ <u></u>	4,182,828	\$	8,326,532	\$ 8,547,017	\$	7,671,177
Percent of Total Levy Collected		43.27 %		86.43 %	90.35 %	· 	94.22 %

Schedule of Bonded Debt Maturities and Interest

	Series 2002 A Refunding Bonds				Series 2017B General Obligation Bonds			es 2020A bligation Bonds		Series 2020B General Obligation Bonds		
	F	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$	542,077 \$	1,267,923 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	299,775	\$ 35,0	00 \$ 180,300	\$ -	\$ 56,400	\$ 2,381,475
2022		-	-	634,178	1,105,822	-	299,775	450,0	00 170,600	-	56,400	2,716,775
2023		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	510,0	00 151,400	180,000	52,800	1,193,975
2024		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	535,0	00 130,500	185,000	45,500	1,195,775
2025		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	555,0	00 108,700	195,000	37,900	1,196,375
2026		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	575,0	00 86,100	200,000	30,000	1,190,875
2027		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	595,0	00 62,700	210,000	21,800	1,189,275
2028		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	625,0	38,300	215,000	13,300	1,191,375
2029		-	-	-	-	-	299,775	645,0	00 12,900	225,000	4,500	1,187,175
2030		-	-	-	-	-	1,498,875			-	-	1,498,875
2031		-	-	-	-	-	1,498,875			-	-	1,498,875
2032		-	-	-	-	5,710,000	899,325			_	-	6,609,325
Totals	\$	542,077 \$	1,267,923 \$	634,178 \$	1,105,822 \$	5,710,000 \$	6,595,050	\$ 4,525,0	00 \$ 941,500	\$ 1,410,000	\$ 318,600	\$ 23,050,150

Schedule of Per Capita Tuition Charge and Average Daily Attendence

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Allowable expenses	\$ <u>12,052,527</u>	\$ 12,336,634	\$ 11,644,189	\$ 14,210,449
Average daily attendance	1,201	1,167	1,096	1,095
Per capita tuition charge	10,035	10,571	10,624	12,978